LAWLER, METZGER, KEENEY & LOGAN, LLC

2001 K STREET, NW SUITE 802 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006

REGINA M. KEENEY

PHONE (202) 777-7700 FACSIMILE (202) 777-7763

March 12, 2015

Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 Twelfth Street, SW Washington, DC 20554

Re: Ex Parte Notice: Terrestrial Use of the 2473-2495 MHz Band for Low-Power Mobile Broadband Networks – IB Docket No. 13-213

Dear Ms. Dortch:

On March 10, 2015, L. Barbee Ponder IV, General Counsel & Vice President, Regulatory Affairs, for Globalstar, Inc. ("Globalstar"), Steve Berman of Lawler, Metzger, Keeney & Logan, LLC, and I had separate meetings with Renee Gregory, Legal Advisor to Chairman Tom Wheeler, and Priscilla Delgado Argeris, Senior Legal Advisor to Commissioner Jessica Rosenworcel. At these meetings, we expressed support for the rules the Commission proposed in November 2013 to allow Globalstar to provide low-power terrestrial mobile broadband service (Terrestrial Low Power Service or "TLPS") in its own licensed spectrum at 2483.5-2495 MHz and adjacent, unlicensed spectrum at 2473-2483.5 MHz. We urged the Commission to adopt its proposed rules expeditiously to add 22 megahertz to the nation's wireless broadband spectrum inventory and ease the congestion that is diminishing the quality of Wi-Fi service at high-traffic 802.11 hotspots and other locations.

At these meetings, we also provided an update on the results of Globalstar's recent demonstrations of TLPS technology at the Commission's Technology Experience Center ("TEC"). These demonstrations included numerous operational scenarios within the TEC, which was determined to be a "quiet" environment from an RF perspective. As described more fully in the attached reports, the demonstrations confirm that TLPS is a good neighbor to (i) Wi-Fi operations on IEEE 802.11 Channel 11 and (ii) Bluetooth device operations within the unlicensed ISM band at 2400-2483.5 MHz. (We provided a copy of the report "TLPS Operation Demonstration" at these meetings.) In particular, 802.11n TLPS transmissions had no negative effect on the data throughput on Wi-Fi Channel 11 or any other 802.11 Wi-Fi channel. In fact,

Terrestrial Use of the 2473-2495 MHz Band for Low-Power Mobile Broadband Networks; Amendments to Rules for the Ancillary Terrestrial Component of Mobile Satellite Service Systems, Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 28 FCC Rcd 15351 (2013).

² See Letter from Regina M. Keeney, Counsel to Globalstar, to Marlene Dortch, Secretary, FCC, IB Docket No. 13-213 (Mar. 10, 2015).

Ms. Marlene Dortch March 12, 2015 Page 2

activating TLPS on non-overlapping Channel 14, even in a quiet RF environment, yielded an approximately forty percent increase in aggregate data throughput across the 2.4 GHz 802.11-capable spectrum. As this result demonstrates, American consumers will benefit significantly from the provision of TLPS across 22 megahertz of additional broadband spectrum in the 2.4 GHz band.

Pursuant to section 1.1206(b)(2) of the Commission's rules, 47 C.F.R. § 1.1206(b)(2), this *ex parte* notification and copies of the attached reports are being filed electronically for inclusion in the public record of the above-referenced proceeding.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Regina M. Keeney Regina M. Keeney

cc: Renee Gregory
Priscilla Delgado Argeris
Brendan Carr
Erin McGrath
Louis Peraertz







© AT4 wireless 2015 **TLPS Operation Demonstration** TLPS Operation Demo - March 6th and 9th, 2015

Demo Setup Diagram





AP in channel 11 (10.1.15.11) 16 ft separation AP in channel 1 (10.1.15.1) SSID: GSAT ch1 SSID: GSAT ch11 AP in channel 14 (10.1.15.14) AP in channel 6 (10.1.15.6) SSID: GSAT ch6 SSID: GSAT ch14 Gigabit Switch Wi-Fi Network AT4 Performance Tool Control (10.1.15.15) ETH Cable Data Traffic Generator (10.1.15.16) 7



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Demo Setup





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Wi-Fi Clients Setup

Wi-Fi AP Setup



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Wi-Fi Scenarios Performed



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- 1. Scenario #1: Baseline: 3 APs no TLPS
- 3 APs operating in 3 different channels
- 12 active users in the network
- Scenario #2: 4 APs with TLPS
- 4 APs operating in 4 different channels
- 12 active users in the network
- Scenario #3: 4 APs without TLPS <u>ო</u>
- 4 APs operating in 3 different channels
- 12 active users in the network
- Scenario #4: TLPS on multiple APs 4
- 4 APs operating in 2 different channels
- 12 active users in the network



Wi-Fi Scenario #1: Baseline: 3 APs. No TLPS



Roberson and Associates, LLC Technology and Management Consultants Purpose: *Demonstrate Baseline Performance on IEEE 802.11n* Channels 1,6,11. Very High Channel Traffic.

- **Environment:**
- 4 Wi-Fi clients per AP (12 Wi-Fi clients Aggregated)
- 3 APs operating in 3 channels
- Steps:
- 1. Channel 1 Only
- 2. Channel 6 Only
- 3. Channel 11 Only
- 4. Channel 1+6+11 Simultaneously
- Results:
- Aggregated downlink data throughput per channel for each step

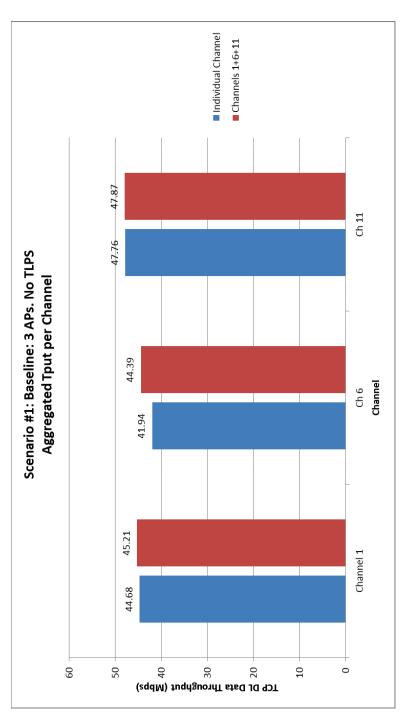
Note: Above steps were executed 3 <u>times</u>. Values obtained in each iteration were then averaged.



Wi-Fi Scenario #1: Baseline: 3 APs. No TLPS







- measured in isolation. Red bars indicate throughput levels when channels 1, 6 and 11 were Blue bars above indicate measured downlink data throughput when each channel was running concurrently.
- Similar aggregated downlink data throughput per channel in all test conditions.



Note: Slight variations in the data presented are due to ambient conditions within the demonstration environment.

Wi-Fi Scenario #2: 4 APs with TLPS



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- Purpose: Demonstrate Effect of Channel 14 on Performance of IEEE 802.11n Channels 1,6,11. Very High Channel Traffic.
- Environment:
- 3 Wi-Fi clients per AP (12 Wi-Fi clients Aggregated)
- 4 APs operating in 4 channels
- Steps:
- Channel 1 Only
- Channel 6 Only
- Channel 11 Only
- Channel 14 Only
- Channel 1+6+11 Simultaneously
- Channel 1+6+11+14 Simultaneously
- Results:
- Aggregated downlink data throughput per channel for each step

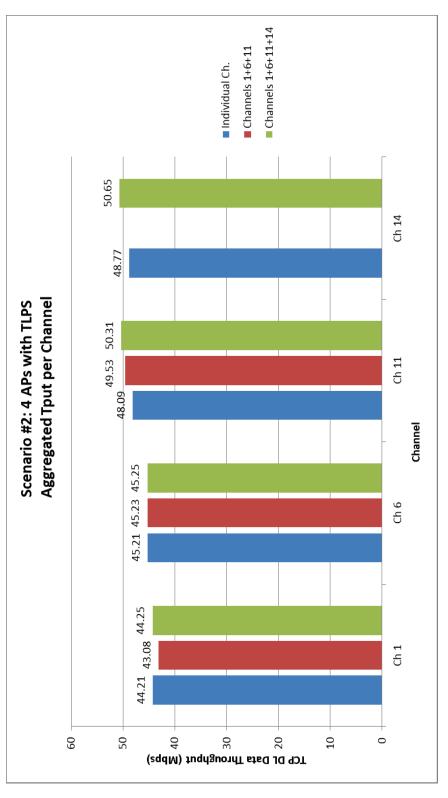
Note: Above steps were executed <u>3 times</u>. Values obtained in each iteration were then averaged.



Wi-Fi Scenario #2: 4 APs with TLPS







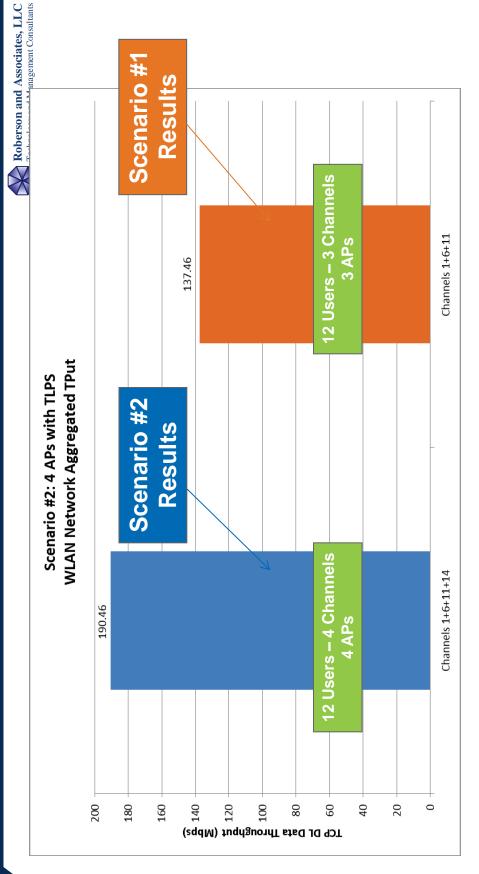
Similar aggregated downlink data throughput per channel in all test conditions



Note: Slight variations in the data presented are due to ambient conditions within the demonstration environment.

and Comparison to Scenario #1 3 APs with No TLPS Wi-Fi Scenario #2: 4 APs with TLPS (II)





turned off), there was an approximately 40% aggregated network capacity increase, for the same Even in very quiet RF environment (all surrounding APs near demonstration environment were number of active users, when TLPS was enabled



Wi-Fi Scenario #2: 4 APs with TLPS (Overtime)

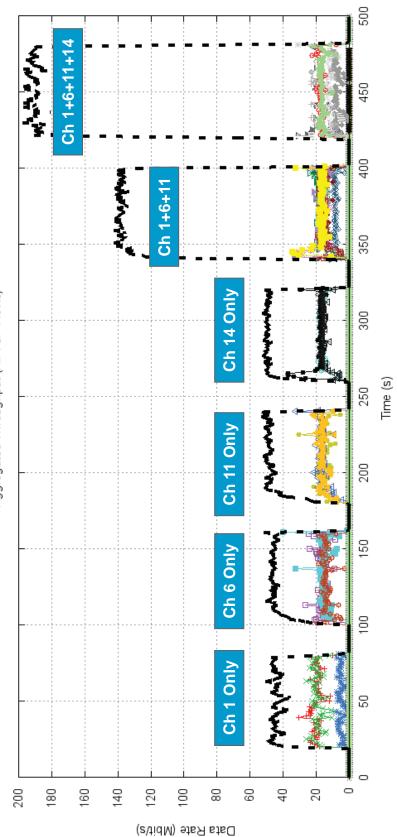


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AT4 wireless S.A. Session: 4 APs - 3 Users

Aggregated Throughput (All TCP Flows)

Date: 2015-03-09 09h 42m 22s



In time domain above, the addition of Channel 14 materially increased total aggregated throughput



Wi-Fi Scenario #3: 4 APs without TLPS



Roberson and Associates, LLC Technology and Management Consultants 1,6,6,11. (Channel 14 Not Available.) Very High Channel Traffic Purpose: Demonstrate Performance of 4 APs on Channels

Environment:

conditions

- 3 Wi-Fi clients per AP (12 Wi-Fi clients Aggregated)
- 4 APs operating in 3 channels
- Steps:
- Channel 1 Only
- Channel 6 Only
- Channel 11 Only
- Channel 6 Only (2nd channel AP)
- Channel 1+6+11 Simultaneously
- Channel 1+6+11+ 6^{2nd AP} Simultaneously
- Results:
- Aggregated downlink data throughput per channel for each step

Globalstar

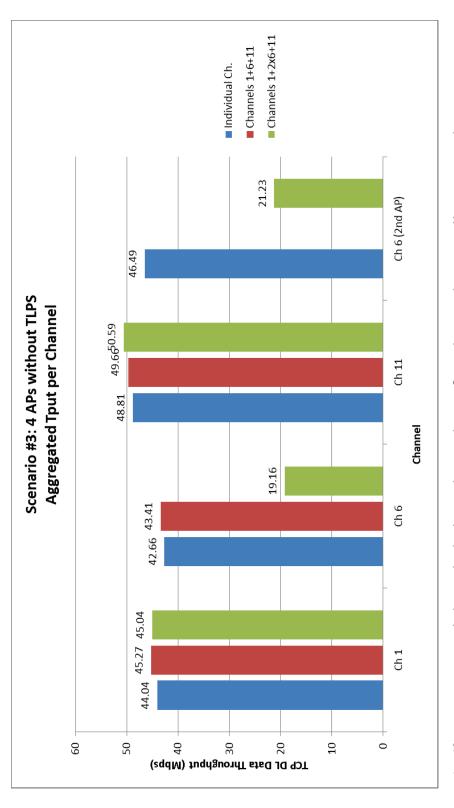
Note: Above steps were executed <u>3 times</u>. Values obtained in each iteration were then averaged.



Wi-Fi Scenario #3: 4 APs without TLPS







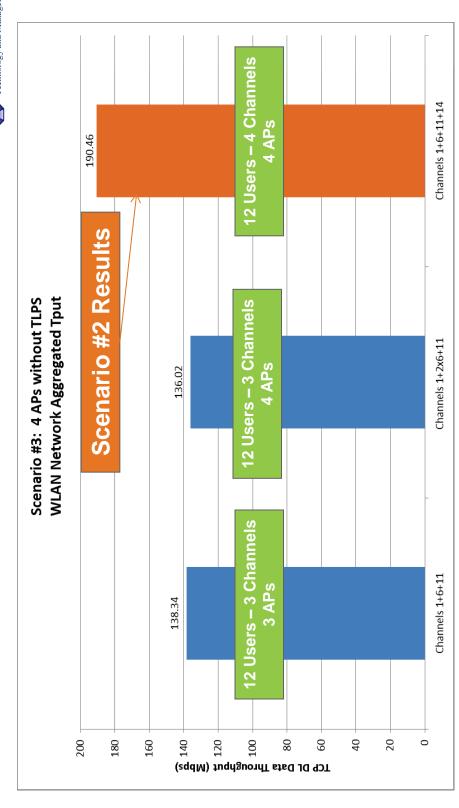
- Similar aggregated downlink data throughput for Channel 11 in all test conditions
- Channel 6 aggregated downlink data throughput per AP decreased by approximately 50%



Note: Slight variations in the data presented are due to ambient conditions within the demonstration environment.

Comparison to 3 APs Baseline and 4 APs with TLPS Wi-Fi Scenario #3: 4 APs without TLPS (II) and





Additional AP in Channel 6 did not translate into additional network capacity



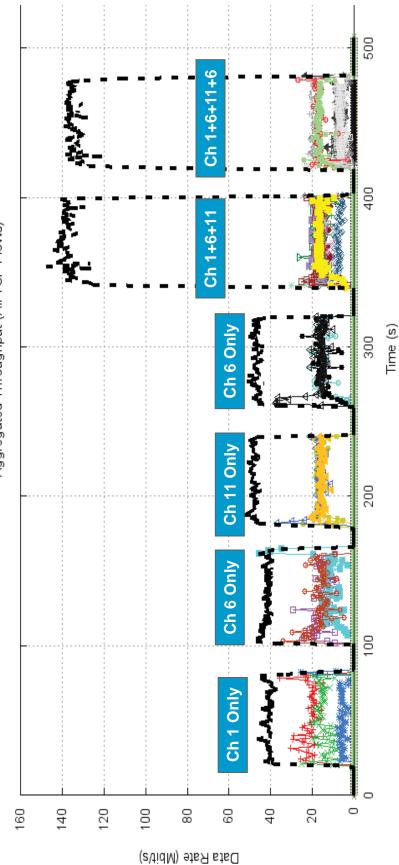
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Wi-Fi Scenario #3: 4 APs without TLPS (Overtime) AT4



Sessi

Aggregated Throughput (All TCP Flows)



In time domain above, the addition of a Channel 6 AP did not increase network capacity



Wi-Fi Scenario #4: TLPS on Multiple APs



Roberson and Associates, LLC Technology and Management Consultants Purpose: Demonstrate Effect of Multiple APs on Channel 14 on Channel 11 Performance. Very High Channel Traffic.

Environment:

3 Wi-Fi clients per channel (12 Wi-Fi clients Aggregated)

4 APs operating in 2 channels

• Steps:

1. Channel 11 Only

2. Channel 11 + 14 + 14^{2nd AP} +14^{3rd AP} Simultaneously

Results:

Aggregated downlink data throughput per channel for each step

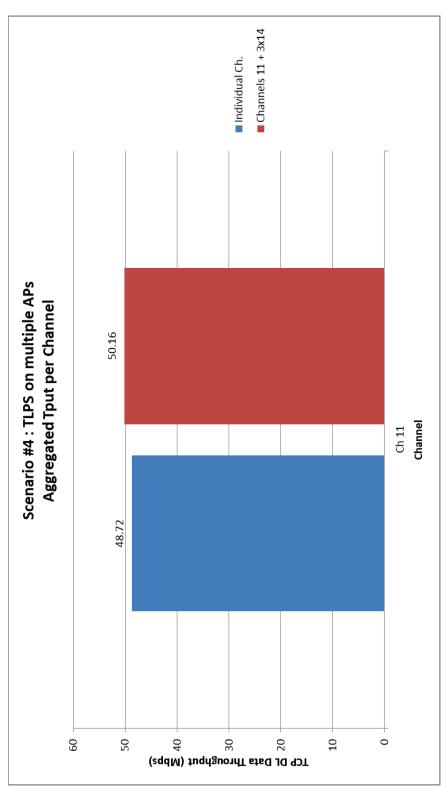
Note: Above steps were executed 3 times. Values obtained in each iteration were then averaged.



Wi-Fi Scenario #4: TLPS on Multiple APs







Similar aggregated downlink data throughput in Channel 11 in presence of 3 APs operating in Channel 14



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Summary Slides:

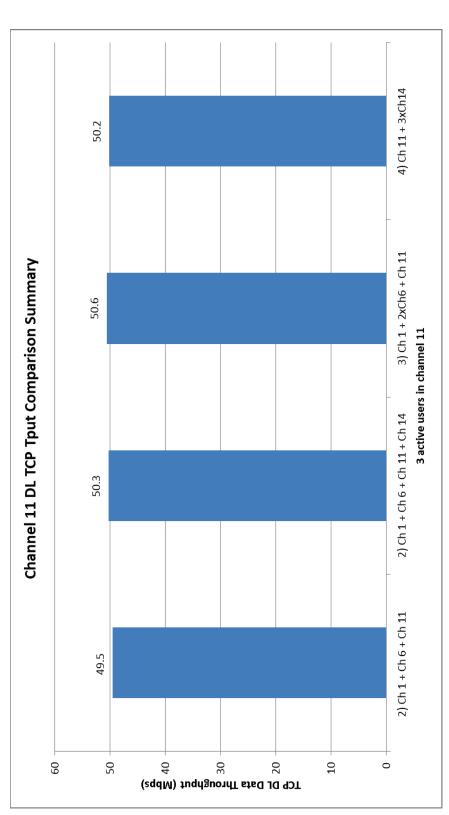
Comparison of Scenarios



Summary: Channel 11 Throughput Comparison of Scenarios



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Similar aggregated downlink data throughput in Channel 11 for all the

scenarios tested

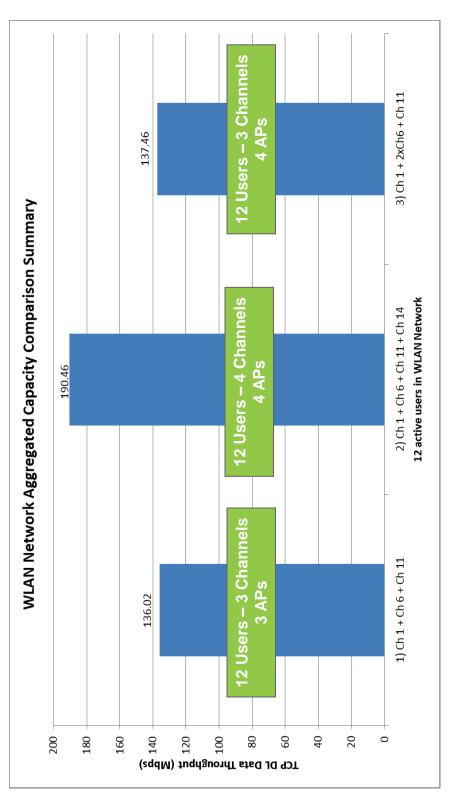


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Summary: Overall Capacity Comparison Across the Scenarios







- Approximately 40% network capacity increase when TLPS is enabled
- Additional AP in Channel 6 did not increase network capacity



Contact AT4 wireless



Spain

AT4 wireless, S.A. (HQ)

Parque Tecnologico de Andalucia C/ Severo Ochoa, 2 29590 Malaga - Spain Tel. +34 952 61 91 00 Fax. +34 952 61 91 13

Sevilla Office

C/ Isaac Newton, s/n Centro de Empresas Pabellon de Italia. 3rd floor Isla de la Cartuja 41092 Seville - Spain Tel. +34 954 46 00 09 Fax. +34 954 46 00 09

Madrid Office

Ave. Felipe II, 15. 1st floor 28009 Madrid - Spain Tel. +34 914 35 88 06 Fax. 34 914 35 64 23 info@at4wireless.com

USA

AT4 wireless, Inc.

520 Huntmar Park Drive Herndon – Virginia 20170 - USA Tel. +1 703 657 2000 Fax. +1 703 870 7560

San Diego Office

WaterGarden Business Center 5755 Oberlin Dr#303 - CA92121 San Diego – California - USA Tel. +1 540 425 1215 infoUSA@at4wireless.com

Taiwan

AT4 wireless

16F-7, Nr. 266, Sec. 1,
Wen Hua 2nd Road, Linkou Township
Taipei County. Taiwan
Tel. +886 2 7705 3300
Fax. +886 2 7705 3301
infoTaiwan@at4wireless.com

Japan

Japan Authorized Test Laboratory (Partnership with Toyo Corporation)

1-6, Yaesu 1-chome, Chuo-Ku Tokyo, 103-8284 Japan Tel. +81 3 3245 1245 ohsakih@toyo.co.jp

Chile

AT4 wireless, Ltd.

Rosario Sur 91, 9th floor Las Condes, Santiago. Chile Tel. +56 2 57 78000 infoLATAM@at4wireless.com

www.at4wireless.com

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Company Profile: AT4 wireless, Inc.

AT4 wireless (www.at4wireless.com), the world's leading laboratory in testing and certification services. Its laboratories are ISO17025 accredited, performing laboratory and field testing services for certification bodies (*i.e.*, FCC, CE, PTCRB, GCF, Wi-Fi Alliance, etc.). AT4 Wireless also performs product acceptance, network acceptance and performance testing for Tier 1 operators (e.g., Telefonica, O2, NT Docomo, AT&T, Vodafone, Sprint, Time Warner Cable, T-Mobile, Cablevision and Comcast).

Profiles: AT4 wireless, Inc.

Bryan Mikesh

Bryan Mikesh has worked as the COO of AT4 wireless, Inc. since 2009. AT4 wireless' mission is to provide advanced technological services worldwide, to ensure the security, compliance and reliability of products and services. AT4 wireless maintains a global and stable growth, promoting long term alliances, customer relationships, quality, talent, innovation and technology development. During the time Bryan has worked for AT4 wireless he has incorporated and brought multiple testing and certification business lines to the AT4 wireless, Inc. in the USA. Bryan has used his 16 years wireless lab business & management expertise in professional accredited test lab operations to support a world class test facilities and test process for carrier grade technologies. Bryan has held high level technical and development positions in Sprint Nextel and managed a team of lab engineers for Motorola. Bryan was part of the evolution of cellular and it worldwide acceptance.

Gonzalo Casado

Gonzalo Casado has worked for AT4 wireless, Inc. in the USA since 2008 and as part of the AT4 wireless global organization since 2006. Gonzalo is currently leading a team of talented lab engineers as the AT4 wireless, Inc. USA Lab Manager located in Herndon, VA. Gonzalo has been engaged with the evolution of our wireless' industry certification programs and has been a significant contributor to wireless performance and carrier acceptance testing. Gonzalo is recognized as a leading expert in the field of wireless data transmission and measurement. He has authored numerous test specification documents in the field of wireless data performance measurements and provides expertise in the customization of acceptance test programs for enterprise and commercial network deployments. Gonzalo is a MSEE graduate from the University of Malaga and has worked for AT4 wireless since entering the workforce.

BLUETOOTH – TLPS DEMONSTRATIONS AT THE FCC TECHNOLOGY EXPERIENCE CENTER

MICHAEL NEEDHAM, DR. KENNETH ZDUNEK MARCH 10, 2015

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1 BACKGROUND

A demonstration of the impact of Terrestrial Low Power Service (TLPS) operation on the performance of Bluetooth (BT) and Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE - also known as Bluetooth Smart) devices was presented on the afternoon of March 6, 2015, at the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Technology Experience Center (TEC) in Washington, D.C. The demonstration was provided by Globalstar, Inc. and their partners, including the technology consulting firm of Roberson and Associates, LLC, the technology firm AT4 Wireless, and Jarvinian. The demonstrations were attended by several members of the FCC, as well as representatives from the Bluetooth Special Interest Group (BT SIG), Bluetooth technology provider CSR, Starkey Hearing Technologies, and CableLabs.

2 DEMONSTRATION GOALS

The goal of the demonstrations was to assess the performance of various BT and BLE devices operating in the 2.4 GHz ISM band, in the presence of TLPS devices operating on IEEE-

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designated Wi-Fi channel 14 (2473 to 2495 MHz) in conjunction with other IEEE 802.11 Wi-Fi devices also operating on other channels in the 2.4 GHz band. The demonstrations focused on the impact of such operation on real-world user experiences using the BT and BLE devices.

3 TLPS AND WI-FI SETUP

The details of the basic arrangement of the TLPS and Wi-Fi access point (AP) and client setup may be found in the description of the TLPS and Wi-Fi demonstration also held at the FCC TEC on March 6 - 10, 2015. Those details specific to the BT / BLE demonstrations, consistent with the request of the organizations representing Bluetooth, are as follows:

- One client device was used per AP, with AP-client pairs operating on Wi-Fi channels 1, 6, 11, and 14, the channels being used depending on the stage of the demonstration. The APs were set to operate at 20 dBm (100 mW), representative of an indoor deployment.
- The Wi-Fi traffic generated between each AP-client pair consisted of emulated high-definition (HD) video streaming at a nominal rate of 3.75 Mbps. The emulated video stream was provided by the AT4 performance tool. The network protocol used over the wireless link was UDP over IP. The streaming traffic was in the downlink (AP to client) direction.

4 BT AND BLE DEVICES AND USER EXPERIENCES

Four specific BT and BLE devices and corresponding user experiences were provided in the demonstrations:

- 1. A wireless speaker connected via a BT link to a tablet computer with a music player. The tablet was located near the center of the room. The user experience demonstrated was the sound quality of the music played through the speaker, as the speaker was located at various positions in the room as the TLPS and Wi-Fi devices were operating.
- Speaker: Sony SRS-X5 Personal Audio System portable Bluetooth speaker
- Laptop: Microsoft Surface Pro 3 tablet with i7 processor, 8 GB RAM running Windows 8.1
- Music Player: Xbox Music player pre-installed on Surface Pro 3
- Music: Mozart Serenade in G, K.525 "Eine kleine Nachtmusic", Allegro 145 kbps mp3
- 2. A wrist-worn heart rate monitor connected via a BLE link to a smart phone running a heart rate monitor application. The smart phone was located on a shelf along one edge of the room where it could be observed by all parties. The user experience demonstrated was the constant reading of heart rate as displayed on the smart phone, as the user wearing the monitor moved throughout the room as the TLPS and Wi-Fi devices were operating.
- Heart Rate Monitor: Adidas Fit Smart Band Model: M33705
- Smart Phone: Motorola Droid Mini running Android 4.4.4, 2 GB RAM, 16 GB ROM
- Heart Rate Monitor Application: Bluetooth Heart Rate Monitor ver. 1.61 (published by Jeremiah Huston on Google Play Store)
- Heart Rate Source: Michael Needham of Roberson and Associates

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- 3. A wireless mouse connected via a BT link to a laptop computer running a web browser. The laptop was located near the center of the room, positioned so the screen could be observed by all parties, while the mouse was located a couple of feet away. The user experience demonstrated was the operation of the mouse in opening and closing a browser window, scrolling through the window, and clicking on links, as the TLPS and Wi-Fi devices were operating.
- Wireless Mouse: Logitech M557 Bluetooth Mouse Model: 910-003971
- Laptop Computer: HP Envy with 2.4 GHz i7 processor, 16 GB RAM running Windows 8.1
- Web Browser: Mozilla Firefox ver. 35.0.1
- 4. Identical to demonstration 3, except a wireless mouse utilizing a BLE link was used.
- Wireless Mouse: HP Wireless Bluetooth Smart Laser Mouse Model: z8000

5 DEMONSTRATION STAGES AND RESULTS

Stage 1 – Three of the AP-client pairs were run on channels 1, 6, and 11. The observed received signal strength indication (RSSI) at each of the client devices was observed to be roughly -30 dBm, plus or minus a few dB, which is a high Wi-Fi signal level. The observed received data rate at the client devices was observed to be nominally 3.75 Mbps. The demonstrations described above were performed. No audible degradation of the music from the speaker was noted by observers in the room, and no interruption of the heart rate monitor display was observed during the demonstration. Several operations were performed using both the BT and BLE mouse, with no errors in operation. The demonstration lasted approximately 10-15 minutes.

Stage 2 – Same as stage 1, but with four AP-client pairs running on channels 1, 6, 11, and 14. The results observed were the same: With TLPS operating, no audible degradation of the Bluetooth stereo speaker audio quality was detected by the observers as the speaker was moved to various locations within the room. No interruption of the heart rate monitor was observed as the wearer of the heart-rate wrist-band moved throughout the room. No errors or interruption of the Bluetooth and Bluetooth LE mouse were observed when the TLPS access point was operated.

6 CONCLUSIONS

The operation of Wi-Fi AP-client pairs on channels 1, 6, and 11 in the 2.4 GHz band, as described above, had no observable impact (visual or audible) on BT and BLE devices operating in the same room as the AP-client pairs. The addition of TLPS operating on channel 14 additionally had no observable impact on the operation of the BT and BLE devices. The conclusion is that TLPS operation has no impact on real-world user experiences using the BT and BLE devices.

APPENDIX: COMPANY PROFILE

Profile: Roberson and Associates, LLC

Roberson and Associates, LLC, is a technology and management consulting company serving government and commercial customers that provides services in the areas of RF spectrum management, RF measurements and analysis, strategy development, and technology management. The organization was founded in 2008 and is composed of a select group of individuals with corporate and academic backgrounds from Motorola, ARRIS, Bell Labs (AT&T, Bellcore, Telcordia, Lucent, Alcatel-Lucent), Cisco, Google, IBM, IITRI (now Alion), ITW, NCR, Nokia, S&C Electric, independent consulting firms, and Illinois Institute of Technology. Together the organization has over 400 years of high technology management and technical leadership experience with a strong telecommunications focus.

Profiles: Roberson and Associates, LLC, Staff

Dennis Roberson, President and CEO

Mr. Roberson is the Founder, President and CEO of Roberson and Associates, LLC. In parallel with this role he serves as Vice Provost for Research, and Research Professor in Computer Science at Illinois Institute of Technology where he has responsibility for IIT's corporate relationships including IIT's Career Management Center, Office of Compliance and Proposal Development, Office of Sponsored Research and Programs, and Technology Transfer efforts. He also supports the development and implementation of IIT's Strategic Plan, the development of new research centers, and the successful initiation and growth of IIT related technology-based business ventures. He is an active researcher in the wireless networking arena and is a co-founder of IIT's Wireless Network and Communications Research Center (WiNCom). His specific research focus areas include dynamic spectrum access networks, spectrum occupancy measurement and spectrum management, and wireless interference and its mitigation and of which are important to the Roberson and Associates mission. He currently serves on the governing and / or advisory boards of several technology-based companies. Prior to IIT, he was EVP and CTO at Motorola and he had an extensive corporate career including major business and technology responsibilities at IBM, DEC (now part of HP), AT&T, and NCR. He is and has been involved with a wide variety of Technology, Cultural, Educational and Youth organizations currently including the FCC Technical Advisory Council and Open Internet Advisory Committee, the Commerce Spectrum Advisory Committee, and the National Advisory Board for the Boy Scouts of America and its Information Delivery Committee, and the Board of HCJB Global. He is a frequent speaker at universities, companies, technical workshops, and conferences around the globe. Mr. Roberson has BS degrees in Electrical Engineering and in Physics from Washington State University and a MSEE degree from Stanford.

Ken Zdunek, Vice President & CTO

Dr. Zdunek is Vice President and the Chief Technology Officer of Roberson and Associates. He has over 30 years of experience in wireless communications and public safety systems. Concurrently he is a research faculty member in Electrical Engineering at the Illinois Institute of Technology, in Chicago, Illinois, where he conducts research in the area of dynamic spectrum access and efficient spectrum utilization, and teaches a graduate course in wireless

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communication system design. He is a Fellow of the IEEE, recognized for his leadership in integrating voice and data in wireless networks. He was recently a contributor to the FCC's Emergency Response Interoperability Center Public Safety Advisory Committee (ERIC PSAC). Prior to joining Roberson and Associates, he was VP of Networks Research at Motorola. Dr. Zdunek was awarded Motorola's patent of the year award in 2002 for a voice-data integration approach that is licensed and extensively used in cellular communications. He holds 17 other patents, included patents used in public safety trunked systems and cellular and trunked systems roaming. He directed the invention and validation of Nextel's iDENR voice-data air interface and IP based roaming approach, and was the principal architect of Motorola's SmartNetR public safety trunking protocol suite. In the 1990's, he directed a Spectrum Utilization and Public Safety Spectrum Needs Projection submitted to the FCC in support of the 700 MHz spectrum allocation for Public Safety. He was awarded the BSEE and MSEE degrees from Northwestern University, and the Ph.D. EE degree from the Illinois Institute of Technology. He is a registered Professional Engineer in the State of Illinois. He is past president, and on the board of directors of the Chicago Public Schools Student Science Fair, Inc.

Mike Needham, Principal Engineer II

Mr. Needham joined Roberson and Associates in November of 2013 with more than 28 years of experience in corporate research and development. His most recent position was Distinguished Member of the Technical Staff in the Applied Research Center at ARRIS (formerly Motorola Mobility / Google). He has worked in a broad range of technologies in the areas of wireless communication and media delivery systems, including: network architecture design, specification, and analysis; data protocol design; radio system modeling; and media analytics. He has 25 issued U.S. patents, with several more pending, and many years of experience in intellectual property assessment and management. Mr. Needham also has numerous publications in technical journals and conferences. He holds B.S. and M.S. degrees in electrical engineering from the University of Illinois in Urbana-Champaign.

Nat Natarajan, Principal Engineer III

Dr. Natarajan earned his B.Tech. from the Indian Institute of Technology (Chennai), ME with Distinction from the Indian Institute of Science (Bangalore) and Ph.D. from the Ohio State University, Columbus, OH. Nat joined Roberson and Associates in 2014 with over 25 years of industry experience in wireless communication and networking systems. Previously he has worked as a Mobility Network Consulting engineer and architect at Cisco Systems (2010-2013), Fellow of the Technical Staff at Motorola (1993-2009) and Research Staff Member at IBM Thomas J. Watson Research Center in Yorktown Heights, NY (1983-1993). Nat is a creative network architect, problem solver and an accomplished master network innovator with work experience covering the entire technology life cycle - pioneering technology research, industry standardization, system architecture, design and analysis, prototyping and trials, product development and commercial deployment. He began his wireless career at IBM with fundamental contributions to WLAN architecture concepts and specs of the baseline 802.11 standard that have been acknowledged by the IEEE. After joining Motorola he developed the routing algorithms for Iridium, a LEO satellite communication system. He subsequently pioneered and advocated All-IP Packet switching for mobile wireless networks starting with Motorola 4G research (1997). He led the early customer demonstrations of such systems, including VoIP, SIP, Mobile IP and seamless inter-technology handoffs (WiFi and cellular RAN) through a sequence of trials (2000-2002). Nat has 38 issued US patents including several implemented in commercial wireless systems. During 2004-09, he led early research and standardization of 802.16e/WiMAX as well as LTE (FDD and

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TDD). He contributed to development teams in prototyping early implementations of WiMAX and LTE prior to commercial release. His most recent experiences at Cisco (2010-13) include commercial customer deployment of UMTS Femto and Macro LTE systems. Through much of his career, Nat has served as a trusted advisory consultant to C-level executives, network planners and senior technologists of major operator customers across the globe. Nat has 35+ refereed technical publications, 3 Cisco Achievement Awards, Motorola Science Advisory Board Associate recognition, Global Standards Awards for Outstanding Performance and 5 IBM Achievement Plateau awards. Nat is an IEEE Senior Member and its communication society. Additional publication details can be found at: https://www.linkedin.com/in/natnatarajan(external link)

Edward Porrett, Sr. Engineer I

Mr. Porrett is a Senior Engineer I for Roberson and Associates. He has 35 years experience in the research, design and testing of prototype radio communications equipment. Prior to joining Roberson and Associates, he was a Senior Staff Research Engineer at Motorola working in the Research and Development Labs. His experience ranges from working on the first cellular telephone prototype and demonstration system, making early cell system propagation measurements, to managing and operating an antenna test range with international customers. While at Motorola he developed three patents covering diverse fields of RF transmitter improvement, Infra-Red communications, and propagation measurement systems. His expertise is in making and analyzing RF measurements and working with and developing measurement systems. He has an Associate in Applied Science, Electrical Engineering Technology Degree from Michigan Technological University.



Company Profile: Jarvinian

Jarvinian (www.jarvinian.com) provides RF spectrum advisory services and is a recognized expert in RF engineering. Founder and managing director John Dooley has developed regulatory and technological solutions for the reformation of previously unusable RF spectrum.

Profiles: Jarvinian

John Dooley

John Dooley is the Founder and Managing Director of Jarvinian and a recognized expert on RF spectrum. Prior to founding the Fund, John established a spectrum advisory practice through Jarvinian Advisors and has developed regulatory and technological solutions for the reformation of previously unusable RF spectrum. John is the inventor of TLPS, which is the private Wi-Fi band made possible with Globalstar (symbol: GSAT) satellite spectrum. He is also the developer of a regulatory and engineering solution for TerreStar, which has opened up unanticipated new 4G spectrum in L-Band. In addition to his fund and advisory roles, John is founder of Nanoton, where he has created advanced nanomaterials that enable next-generation wireless filters and antennas. John holds numerous patents in wireless and intelligent computing technologies and is a director of the newly restructured FiberTower Corporation.